

Like The Stars



“My Companions are like the stars, whichever of them you follow you will be rightly guided”

Prophet Muhammed صلى الله عليه وسلم

The lives of Companions

Of The Prophet
Muhammed صلى الله عليه وسلم

Hadrat Abdullah Ibn Mas'ud (may Allah be pleased with him) reported Allah's Messenger (may Allah's blessings and peace be upon him) as saying,

"The best of men are my generation, then those who come next to them, then those who come next to them. Afterwards people will come who will give testimony before swearing an oath, and swear an oath before giving testimony."

(Bukhari and Muslim)

INTRODUCTION

The most widely accepted definition of a companion of Prophet Muhammad is someone who met the Prophet, believed in him and died as a Muslim. The Arabic translation of the word companion is *sahabi*, thus companions (plural) become *sahaba*. The people who lived in the society from which the Prophet ﷺ came from were from different walks of life, exactly as you would find in a small town today. Some were rich while others were poor, some were kind while others were cruel. Some were honest while others were not. The Companions of the Prophet ﷺ, may Allah praise him, were indeed the best of all people. It is possible to see many living examples of it in the Companions who were praised by the Quran. They displayed unique and unmatched examples of self-sacrifice in this way. They did not find it sufficient to say we believed; they put up with all kinds of oppression and torture for the love of the Messenger of Allah ﷺ. They sacrificed their homeland, properties and lives for this cause. Their love for the Messenger of Allah ﷺ was more than the compassion of a mother who risks her life to save her child. The most important issue of the Companions who aimed to live under the light of orders was to show their devotion to him. This devotion was based on listening to him and obeying him ﷺ.

We see the best example of it in the words of Sa'd bin Muadh before the Battle of Badr:

"O Messenger of Allah ﷺ! We have believed in you and we believe that what you have brought is true. We give you our covenant to listen to and obey you. O Messenger of Allah! Do as you wish. By Allah, the One Who sent you with the truth, if you were to enter the sea, we would rush into it with you and not one of us would stay behind."

Ya Allah,
Send your peace and blessings
On the Final Prophet ﷺ,
And his family,
And companions.

"...dedicated to first generation of Islam..."

KHADIJAH (Daughter of Khuwaylid)

Khajidah was the first wife of the Prophet Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم. Her name was Tahire before Islam. When she got married to the Prophet Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم, she was 40 years old. Her father's name was Hüveylid, mother's name was Fatima. She was from Quraysh Tribe. She got married two times before, and she was giving work to men for trade after her second husband's death. She was organizing trade caravans to Damascus with them.

Khajidah and the Prophet the Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم had six children but their boys died at a young age. Their names were Qasim, Abdullah, Zainap, Rukiyye, Umm Kulthum, and Fatima.

Khajidah became a good wife, good friend and good advisor to Prophet Mohammad. She became the first Muslim woman and always supported Him صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم.

When she died in 619, she was 64 years old. Prophet Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم never forgot her and he always talked about her morality.

Zeynep KOLCU Betül ÇINAR

HZ. AISA

HZ. Aisa (r.a) had a great family which was famous and known. Her father was a noble man, who was not drinking alcohol and who was not doing something wrong. He lived with honour. When our mother Hz. Aisa opened her eyes, she had a brother and sister called "Abdurrahman and Asma"

Her sister Asma was older than Hz. Aisa. Her sister had to be a mother, an old sister and a teacher for teaching something to Hz. Aisa. Here, she looked at the world from this window. When she connected his life with Hz. Mohammad (s.a.w.), she had a different mission in his life. After that, she helped people who had some material and spiritual problems. She never sent them away solution. Undoubtedly, she loved Hz. Mohammad so much. Sometimes Hz. Mohammad (s.a.w.) was laying down on her knee. And our mother Hz. Aisa was not moving even her knee was hurting too.

When she was 15, she participated in (Muatalık Mureys) with Prophet صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم and there people smeared her reputation. They said ugly things. And she felt sad. She said "If I say yes, that I did not do. I slandered myself." Patience is good. "I am waiting help from God." The while a revelation came down to Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم "Good news! You were innocent" And Prophet صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم read Nur Surah.

After the Prophet صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم died, she lived 40 years. And during her life, she told many hadiths about 676, she died in Medina. Abu Hureira (r.a.) made her funeral prayer in her funeral.

She was very intelligent. She learned literacy when she was a child, she was smart, intelligent, scholar and she was owner of charity. Everybody asked her many kinds of questions. She was generous, merciful and she serviced to Islam a lot.

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HAFSA BINT UMAR

Hz. Hafsa is Hz. Umar's daughter. She was born in 605. She was a knowledgeable, cultured and honest muslim lady. Also she was the most cultured woman in Islam. Her mother is Zeynep. Zeynep is Hz. Uthman İbni Maz's sister. Hz. Hafsa became muslim while her father was in Mekka. Her life was the same like other companions. She always prayed and fasted throughout her life. And sometimes, she couldn't find food to eat. But she gave thanks to Allah regardless.

She married İbni Huzafe but he died in the Battle of Uhud. Hz Hafsa was widowed early in life. Her father Umar was very sad for this event. So, he decided to marry her off. And he began to think to find a good husband for Hz. Hafsa. Finally, he decided to marry her off to Hz. Uthman. But Uthman said he does not think that he would marry. After that he went to Abu Bakr and asked. And he was silent, as well. Umar was sad about events, he told that to Hz. Muhammad صلی الله علیه وسلم. He said him: "Umar! Uthman will marry better good one than Hafsa" In the third year of the Hegira they married. She died in the forty-fifth year of hegira.

ESMA KÖK // SEYYİDE ŞEYHİN

ZAINAB BINT MUHAMMAD صلی الله علیه وسلم

Zainab bint Muhammad صلی الله علیه وسلم is the second child and the first daughter of the Prophet صلی الله علیه وسلم by his first wife Khadijah. She born when the Prophet صلی الله علیه وسلم was 30. When she was 10, she became a Muslim after Muhammad صلی الله علیه وسلم First declared himself a Prophet. She has married her paternal aunt's son Abu al-As. He was not muslim, but also he wasn't meddling in her religion. When the Prophet صلی الله علیه وسلم and muslims migrated from Mecca to Medina she couldn't go with them because of her husband. In the second year of imigration her husband Abu al-As was captured by muslims and taken as a captive at the Battle of Badr. Zainab sent the necklace which her mother Khadijah gave her .

When the Prophet صلی الله علیه وسلم saw the necklace he remembered his wife Khadijah. And he felt sad. And he said to his companion "If you accept, release my daughter's husband providing that he allows her to migrate to Madinah and give this necklace back to her." When his companion accepted, they set the Abu al-As free. When Hz. Zainab migrated from Makkah to Madinah, she was pregnant. In the migrate some polytheist attacked her. She miscarried. In the seventh year of migration her husband become a Muslim and he came next to his wife. After a year Hz. Zainab deceased because of her illness. In her funeral, the Prophet went to her grave and prayed to Allah for the suffering.

Hz. Zainab and Abu al-As had children named Ali and Umame. When the Prophet was alive Ali deceased. And Umama after deceased Hz. Fatimah passed away, she married Ali and they did not have any children. She spent her life worshiping Allah.

HATİCE AYŞE GENÇER / MERVE ZEYNEP AKBULUT

HAMZA IBN ABDUL MUTTALIB

Hamzah was our prophet's younger uncle. His father's name was Abdul muttalib and his mother's name was Hale. His nickname was "esedullah" so the lion of Allah. Also he was our Prophet's صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم foster brother. He was medium height. He was very strong. Also he was a very good hunter and shooter. And he loved helping to victim. And he was a very brave warrior. He heard Ebu Cehil's insults about Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم. And he was very angry. He went to near Ebu Cehil's and hit his head. His head was split. Then he went to Prophet Mohammad's house صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم and said to him "I took your revenge. Don't be sad! Be happy!" Prophet Mohammed صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم said that "I can't be happy for this event. If you become a muslim, I will be happy." And Hamzah became Muslim immediately.

During the Bedir war, Hamzah killed Utbe bin Rebi. Muslims won this war. And Utbe's daughter, Hind swore to avenge. She urged a slave called Vahşi. Vahşi was using the spear very well. She wanted Vahşi to kill Hamzah for his freedom. She had promised to give treasure to him. And a few years later, during the Uhud war, Vahşi followed to Hamzah. Hamzah was wearing armor. And then, Vahşi threw the spear at him. Hamzah was martyred. Thereon, Hind came and she slashed his chest. She ejected his lungs and shred them with her teeth. She chewed and spit. Later on Hind and Vahşi was muslim. And they regretted. What they did.

BETÜL İREM YILMAZ / BEYZA YATÇI

MUS'AB IBN 'UMEYR

He was a companion of Hz. Muhammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم. His parents were one of the richest families in Mecca. Hz. Muhammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم always said about him : " I haven't seen another young man like Mus'ab Ibn 'Umeyr in Mecca. Because he was more handsome and better dressed than most people in Mecca. "

When Mus'ab heard Hz. Muhammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم invited people to Islam, he went to Ibn Erkam's house and he accepted Islam. By the way, when his relatives heard he became Muslim, they imprisoned him at his home. Then, when Mus'ab heard Muslims would migrate to the Habeshistan, he escaped and joined the migration and he went Habeshistan. After a while, he returned from Ethiopia. Many people of Medina accepted Islam and they wanted teachers to teach Islam themselves from Hz. Muhammad. This mission was given to Mus'ab Ibn 'Umeyr. He taught that group Islam in Medina. Also, he was the first companion to migratory to Medina and who became first teacher owing to that mission in Islam.

Then, Mus'ab Ibn 'Umeyr joined the battle of Uhud and Bedir. In the wars, he was the person who carries the flag. Finally, In the battle of Uhud, while he is moving the flag, an enemy came toward him and he cut his hands. So Mus'ab Ibn 'Umeyr became martyr.

ŞEVVAL NUR TASLAK BEYZA ERSAN

BILAL AL-HABASH

Bilal Al Habash was born in 581 in Mekka. He was a boy of a slave family. His mother was "Hamame" and his father was "Rebah". He was one of the first person who accepted Islam. He was the slave of Umeyye ibn Halef. When he learned Bilal chose Islam. He tortured him very badly. Abu Bakr(may Allah praise him) was very sad and he said to Umeyye Bin Halef: "You should give up torturing. Umeyye Bin Halef said to him: "He is here because of your religion. And Abu Bakr said:"I have got stronger than yours. If you want we can change our slaves. Umeyye Bin halef accepted it. Thus Abu Bakr saved him from torture.

Then Bilal Al Habash joined the hegira in 622 and he went to Madinah. All the Muslims decided to recite the azan. Thus he became the first to recite the azan. He joined all the battle with the Prophet ﷺ (peace be upon him) including Uhud and Trench. After the Prophet's death, he moved to Damascus. He passed away in Damascus in 641.

ZEHRA BETÜL DOĞAN / PINAR ERŞAHİN

HZ. VAHŞİ BİN HARB

At the war of Uhud, he killed Hz. Hamza and then he become a Muslim. He is from Ethiopia.

He was Cübeyr's slave and Cübeyr said to him that if he will kill Hz. Hamza, Cübeyr will let him free. Because of Hz. Hamza killed Hz. Vahşi's uncle in a war, Hz Vahşi was angry with him and he also wanted to be free. So he killed Hz. Vahşi.

After a while he decided to be a Muslim. He went to our prophet ﷺ. Our prophet ﷺ forgave him. Hz. Vahşi said "How could you forgive me? I am a sinner and my sins are too much". Then Hz. Muhammed ﷺ said that Allah is forgive all the sins if you will repent and start to do good things. So our prophet ﷺ forgave him but he didn't want to see him. Because when he ﷺ saw him he ﷺ remembered his uncle. So Hz. Vahşi didn't see our prophet ﷺ for years.

BETÜL YILMAZ / SÜEDA DALYAPRAK

SUMEYYE BINT HAYYAT

Sumayyah bint Khayyat is known in the Islamic tradition as the first person in history to be martyred for having adopted the faith of Islam. Sumayyah was the wife of Yasser ibn Amir and the mother of Ammar ibn Yasser.

Yasser, Sumayyah and Ammar were well-known early converts to Islam; all converted to Islam between 610 and 613. She was subjected to torture with her husband as they became muslim.

When she refused to recant her faith, she became the first martyr of Islam. The Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) was very troubled by the torture of the Muslims, especially Ammar's family. He would try to comfort them by saying in a hadith, "Patience oh family of Yasser, for you are destined for Paradise."

Sumayyah chose to be a muslim and stood against the Meccans, even risking her life, and had strength that would inspire muslim men and women later on as they struggled to create a muslim community. It is for this reason that she is considered to be a role model for all muslims.

ESRANUR KIR / FERDA ÖZDEMİR

HAZRAT FATIMAH ZAHRA

Hazrat Fatimah Zahra was born in 608. Her mother died when she was a kid. She was a very ethical, intelligent and beautiful girl. Muslim women loved her in Madinah.

As for the age of marriage, Hazrat Abu Bakr and Hazrat Umar wanted to get married to her. But Prophet Muhammad ﷺ waited for Allah's order and rejected their proposal. When they were waiting, the order came. Hazrat Ali gave Hazrat Fatimah 400 dirhem silver in exchange for their marriage. The wedding happened during the second year of Hijrah. Hazrat Fatimah had three daughters (Um Kulthum, Zainab, Rukiye) and three sons (Hassan, Hussein, Muhsin). They were happy.

Hazrat Fatimah died about six months later Prophet Muhammed (S.A.W) 's death.

In Islam, Hazrat Fatimah was the first lady to be put in a coffin. It was her will to be buried at night.

Hazrat Aisha quoted that : " I except for her father never seen anyone as virtuous as Hazrat Fatimah. "

DİLARA ZEYNEP ALEMDAR / FATMA ZEHRA BAHÇECİ

HZ.UMAR

Umar was born in 581, in Mecca. His father was Khattab İbn Nufaly and his mother was Hantama bint Hisham. His family belonged to the middle class. His father was a merchant, he was famous for intelligence and he was heathen.

He was interested in Arabic literature and poetry. He learned horse back riding, marital arts and wrestling in his youth. He was a good wrestler with tall stature and physical superiority.

Umar took charge from Meccan nonmuslims to kill Muhammad. He was directed by one of the companions to his sister's home.

When he came to his sister's home, he heard these Quran Verses "Everything in the heavens and earth glorifies Allah". He was affected by these verses and became a Muslim.

Umar was an equitable monarch, he checked state officials and governors every time. He distributed the Beytulmal among Muslims in the best way. He was very poor, his monthly salary was 16-20 drachma.

He was stabbed by Ebû Lu'lue on the 1 st of November, in 644,in Medina. He died three days later.

ENES BIN MALIK

He was one of the most important companions in Islam because when he was a little boy about ten years old he was living with Prophet Mohammed صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم (peace be upon him) and he agreed to Islam. He was born in Madina in 612. His father died so his mother married again. His mother's name was Ummu Suleym and his new father name's was Ebu Talha. They were muslim so he grew up with Islamic customs.

When Prophet Mohammed صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم migrated from Mecca Ebu Talha and Ummu Suleym went to the Prophet's house and they talked with the Prophet صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم .

Darling Messenger صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم "Enes is an intelligent boy. He can help you and he agreed . Then the Messenger صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم looked after him and they always lived together. Prophet Mohammad صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم took care of Enes perfectly. Enes was happy too. He worked hard to make everything perfectly for the Messenger صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم .

After passing of Prophet Mohammad , with Companions Ebubekir, Othman, Ömer and Ali he worked in important roles inIslam. And then he to moved Basra. He taught hadith and fiqh.

His life ended at 93 years and he could only think of Islam without any other interest. He had maximum knowledge about islam . Peace be upon him.

Nesibe KALAYCI Meryem ALTINTAŞ

ALI IBN ABU TALIB

He was born in 23 october 598 or 17 march 599 or 17 march 600. He was born in Mecca. His mother was Fatimah bint Asad, his father was Abu Talib. He was the last of 4 caliphes. Ali was the only person born in Kaaba in Mecca. Ali was the first young male who accepted Islam. After migrating to Medina, he married Prophet Muhammed's صلی اللہ علیہ وسلم daughter Fatimah. Ali had 18 children from wife and concubine. He had 14 sons and 4 daughters. His sons died in battle of Karbala. His first wife was Fatimah. He had 5 children from Fatimah. After Fatimah's death ,he married many times and he had a lot of children.

He was appointed as caliph in 656 after caliph Uthman ibn Affen was assassinated. He was known with faith, justice, land managemet, honesty and belligerence.

Ali is important to various Sunni and Shia denominations politically, legislatively and spiritually..

BERDA ARSLAN

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